## Traffic Data Analysis

Fifth Street

Northbound and Southbound


Town of Midland

Engineering Department

### 1.0 Introduction

A traffic count was conducted from August $13^{\text {th }}, 2019$ to August 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2019$ on Fifth Street for both northbound and southbound directions. Vehicle speeds and traffic volume were collected by a traffic trailer (model ATS-3). The purpose is to see if there is any speeding issue and raise safety awareness and help calm traffic by displaying speeds of vehicles approaching.

### 1.1 Location

The traffic trailer was placed on Fifth Street for both northbound and southbound directions. The trailer was placed close to the Vindin Street and Fifth Street intersection to see if there are any vehicles speeding through the intersection to avoid waiting for the traffic signals. Table 1 below shows the location of the traffic trailer and data collection period.

Table 1. Locations of Traffic Trailer

| Direction | Location | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Northbound | 28 Fifth St, Midland, ON | 9:00am on Aug 13 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2019-9: 00 \mathrm{am}$ on Aug 15 $5^{\text {th }}, 2019$ |
| Southbound | 24 Fifth St, Midland, ON | 12:00pm on Aug 16 $6^{\text {th }}, 2019-9: 00 \mathrm{am}$ on Aug 19 $9^{\text {th }}, 2019$ |

### 1.2 Traffic Trailer

The traffic trailer used was model ATS-3 as shown in Figure 1. The traffic trailer is set to show the speed of the approaching vehicle and display short messages depending on the speed. The data is collected and grouped data into one-hour intervals.


Figure 1. Traffic Trailer

### 2.0 Speed Summary

The posted speed limit on Fifth Street is $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$; however, generally it is accepted that vehicles that are travelling up to $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ above the posted speed limit are not considered to be speeding. Table 2 shows an overall speed summary of the data collected for northbound and southbound directions.

Table 2. Speed Summary

| Direction | Average Speed (km/h) | Minimum Speed (km/h) | Maximum Speed(km/h) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Northbound | 36.8 | 10 | 69 |
| Southbound | 34.8 | 10 | 74 |

### 2.1 Northbound Speed Analysis

Figure 2 and 3 below show the speed summary for the northbound traffic.


Figure 2. Fifth St. Northbound

Figure 2 shows that 91\% of vehicles were travelling below the posted speed limit and $8 \%$ of vehicles were travelling between $51-60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Considering the accepted speed limit is $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ over the posted speed limit, a total of $99 \%$ of vehicles were travelling within the accepted speed limit in the northbound direction.


Figure 3. Speed by Hour Analysis for Northbound

Figure 3 is the speed by hour graph used to determine the time where most speeding occurs. This graph highlights that although speeding peaked from 6:00am to $10: 00 \mathrm{pm}$, there are no speeding concerns throughout the collection period for the northbound direction.

### 2.2 Southbound Speed Analysis

Figure 4 to 6 are the speed summary for the southbound traffic.


Figure 4. Fifth St. Southbound

Figure 4 shows that $91 \%$ of the vehicles were travelling below the posted speed limit and $8 \%$ of vehicles were travelling between $51-60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Considering the accepted speed limit is $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ over the posted speed limit, a total of $99 \%$ of vehicles were travelling within the accepted speed limit.


Figure 5. Speed by Hour Analysis for Southbound (Aug 16 ${ }^{\text {th }}$, 2019)


Figure 6. Speed by Hour Analysis for Southbound (Aug $17^{\text {th }}$ to Aug 18 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2019$ )

Figure 5 and 6 are the speed by hour graph used to determine the time where most speeding occurs. The graphs highlight that there were more vehicles speeding in the afternoon on the weekend (Aug $17^{\text {th }}$ to Aug $18^{\text {th }}$ ) than on a weekday. It should be noted that due to the time of day the trailer was relocated to the southbound direction it was unable to collect data during the morning of August 16 th. Based on the low volume of speeding that occurred, there are no speeding concerns in the southbound direction.

Furthermore, the traffic trailer detected that 33\% of vehicles slowed down in the northbound direction and $43 \%$ slowed down in the southbound direction when approaching the trailer. These percentages show that the trailer is influencing traffic calming.

### 3.0 Traffic Volume

Table 3 shows the average daily volume on Fifth Street for northbound and southbound directions. Only the days when the traffic trailer was placed there for the full 24 hours are used in traffic volume analysis. As the traffic trailer was not placed in the southbound direction for a full weekday, only weekend volume is included in the traffic volume analysis.

Table 3. Volume Summary
$\left.\begin{array}{ccc}\hline \text { Direction } & \text { Period } & \text { Average Daily Traffic Volume } \\ \hline \text { Northbound } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Aug 14 } \\ \text { (Wednesday) }\end{array} & 1,093 \\ \text { Southbound } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Aug 17 } \\ \text { (Saturday to Sug 18 }\end{array} \text { th }\end{array}\right)$

### 3.1 Northbound Volume by Hour

The data collected for the full day (Aug $14^{\text {th }}$ ) is used to analyze the average traffic volume at different times of a day (Figure 7). From the graph, Fifth Street has peak traffic during the typical evening commute time.


Figure 7. Average Volume by Hour from Aug 14 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ (Northbound)

## $3.2 \quad$ Southbound Volume by Hour

The data collected on August $16^{\text {th }}$ is used to analyze the average traffic volume at different times of a day (Figure 8). From the data collected, Fifth Street had peak traffic during the typical evening commute time on the weekday in the southbound direction Again, it should be noted that due to the time of date that the trailer was relocated to the southbound direction it was unable to collected data for the morning on August $16^{\text {th }}$.


Figure 8. Volume by Hour on Aug $16^{\text {th }}$ (Southbound)
The data collected from August $17^{\text {th }}$ to August $18^{\text {th }}$ (weekend) is used to analyze the average traffic volume at different times of the day as shown in Figure 9. From the graph, the traffic on the weekend in the southbound direction has a peak volume between 1 pm and 2 pm .


Figure 9. Average Volume by Hour on August $\mathbf{1 7}^{\text {th }}$ to August 18 $^{\text {th }}$ (Southbound)

### 4.0 Conclusion

The traffic study conducted on Fifth Street for both northbound and southbound directions was successfully carried out from August $13^{\text {th }}, 2019$ to August $19^{\text {th }}, 2019$. From the speed analysis, it was determined that both directions have $99 \%$ of vehicles travelling within the accepted speed limit. In addition, from the volume analysis, it was determined that the peak traffic hours were at the typical evening commute time for northbound direction on a weekday. It was also determined that the peak traffic hours were at typical evening commute time in the southbound direction on a weekday however no data was collected during the typical morning commute time. The southbound traffic was monitored over the weekend and it was noted that it has peak volume between 1 pm and 2 pm .

